

# The Cdk8 kinase module regulates Mediator interaction with RNA polymerase II

Sara Osman<sup>1</sup>, Eusra Mohammad<sup>1</sup>, Michael Lidschreiber<sup>1</sup>, Alexandra Stuetzer<sup>2,3</sup>, Fanni Laura Bazsó<sup>2,3</sup>, Kerstin C Maier<sup>1</sup>, Henning Urlaub<sup>2,3</sup>, Patrick Cramer<sup>1\*</sup>

## Supplementary information

### SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE LEGENDS

**Supplemental Figure S1**, Overlaid gel filtration profiles and SDS-PAGE gels of chromatographic fractions of each of CKM(A) (top) and CKM (KD) (bottom), showing that the two complexes exhibit highly comparable biochemical behavior.

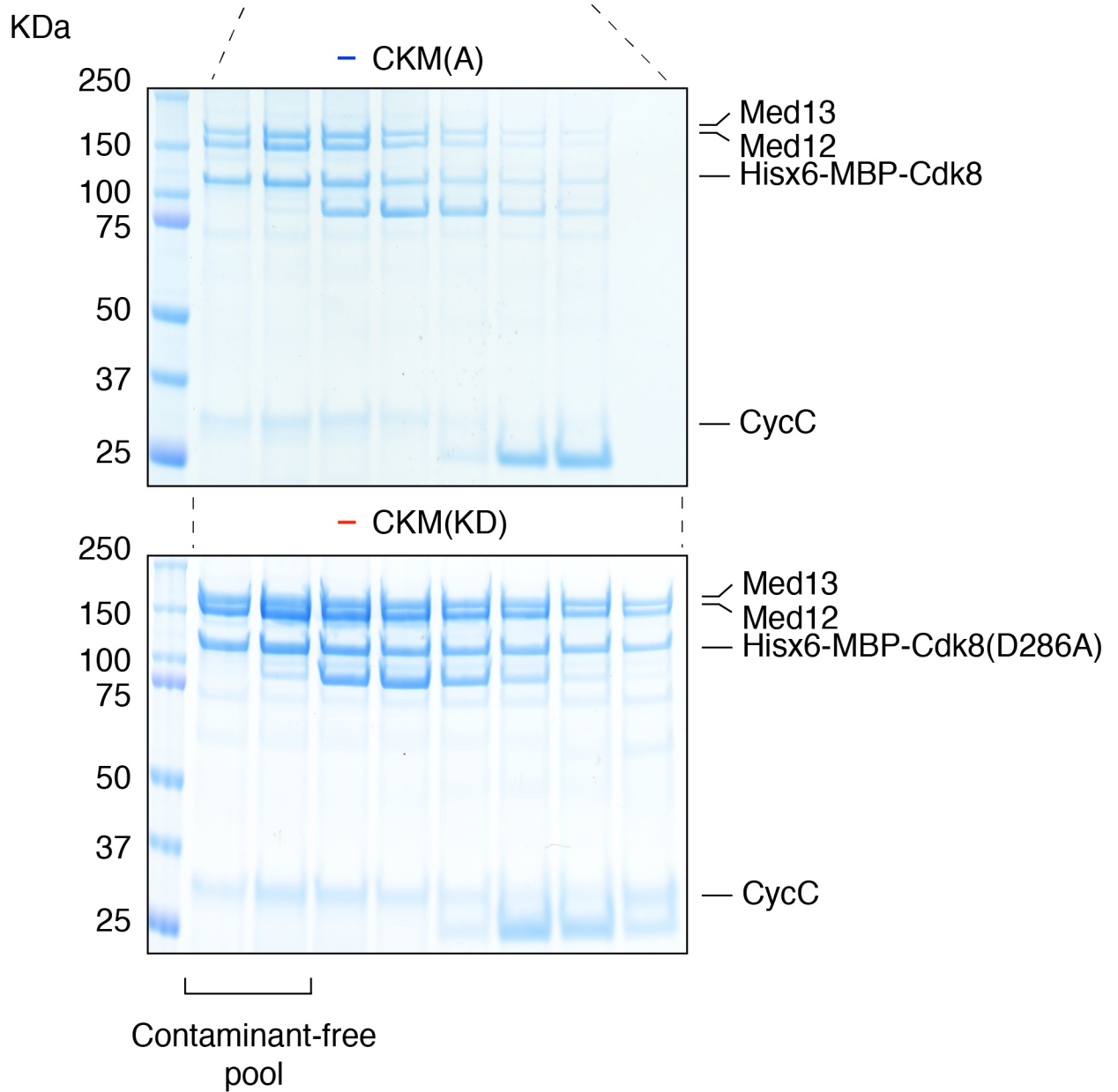
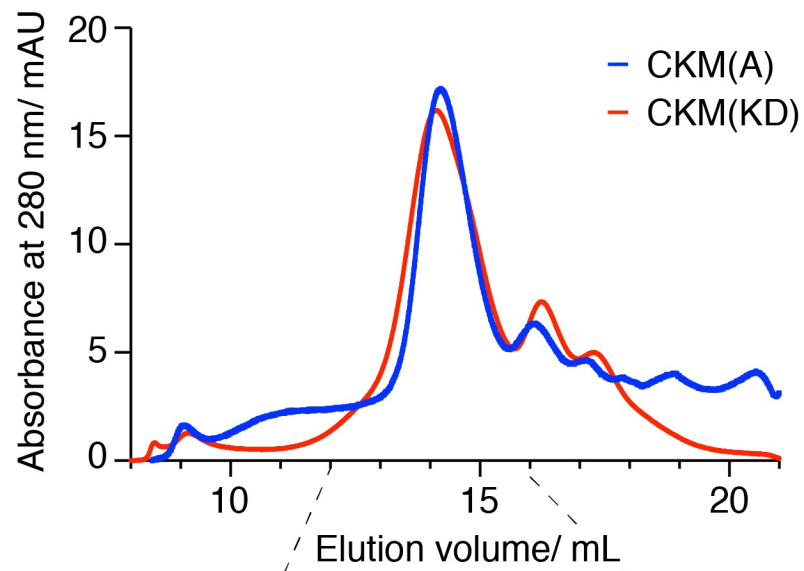
**Supplemental Figure S2, a, b** CKM phosphorylates the PIC components TFIIF and TBP. Phosphorylation sites are shown that have a localization probability greater than or equal to 0.75 in phosphopeptide enrichment mass spectrometry. Phosphorylation sites deposited by the CKM on the PIC components TFIIF and TBP plotted on the PIC structure (PDB ID 5OQM *S.cerevisiae* cMed-PIC showing TBP, TFIIA, TFIIB, TFIIF and Pol II with all other factors hidden) occur on unstructured regions that were not visible in the structure.

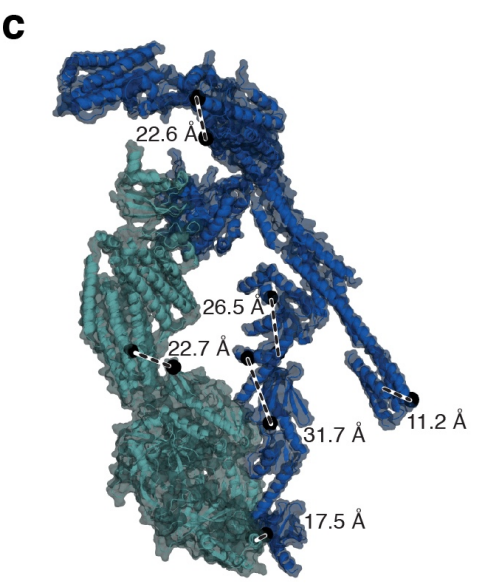
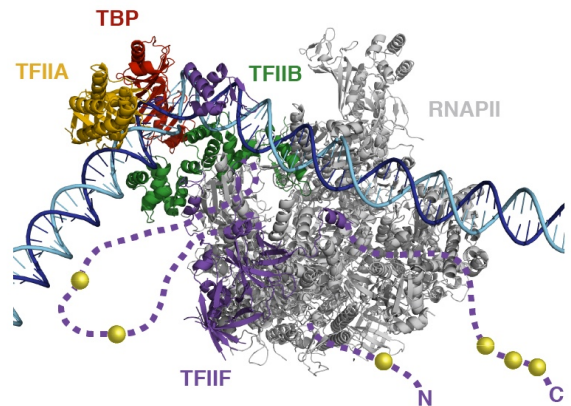
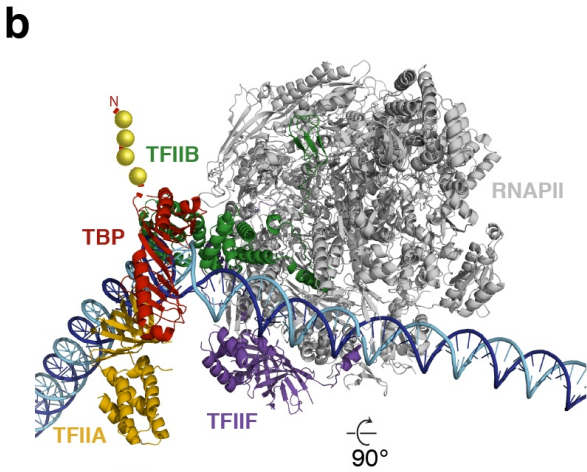
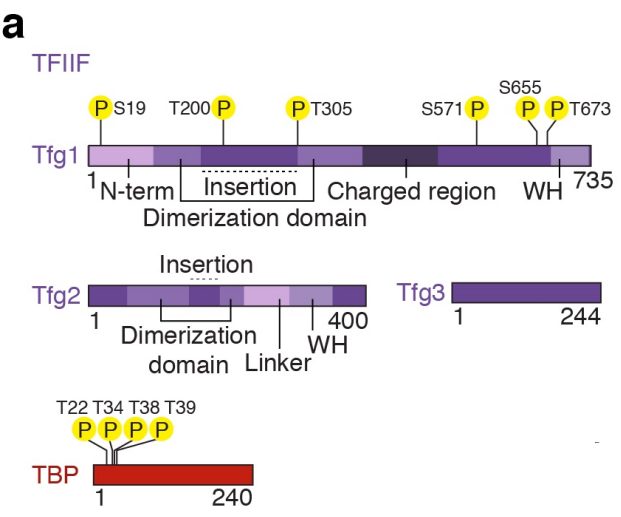
**Supplemental Figure S2, c** Sample crosslinks from the CKM-cMed XL-MS network that lie within cMed were plotted on the cMed structure (PDB ID 5OQM *S.cerevisiae* cMed-PIC with other factors hidden) as black spheres connected with dashed lines, with atomic distances indicated.

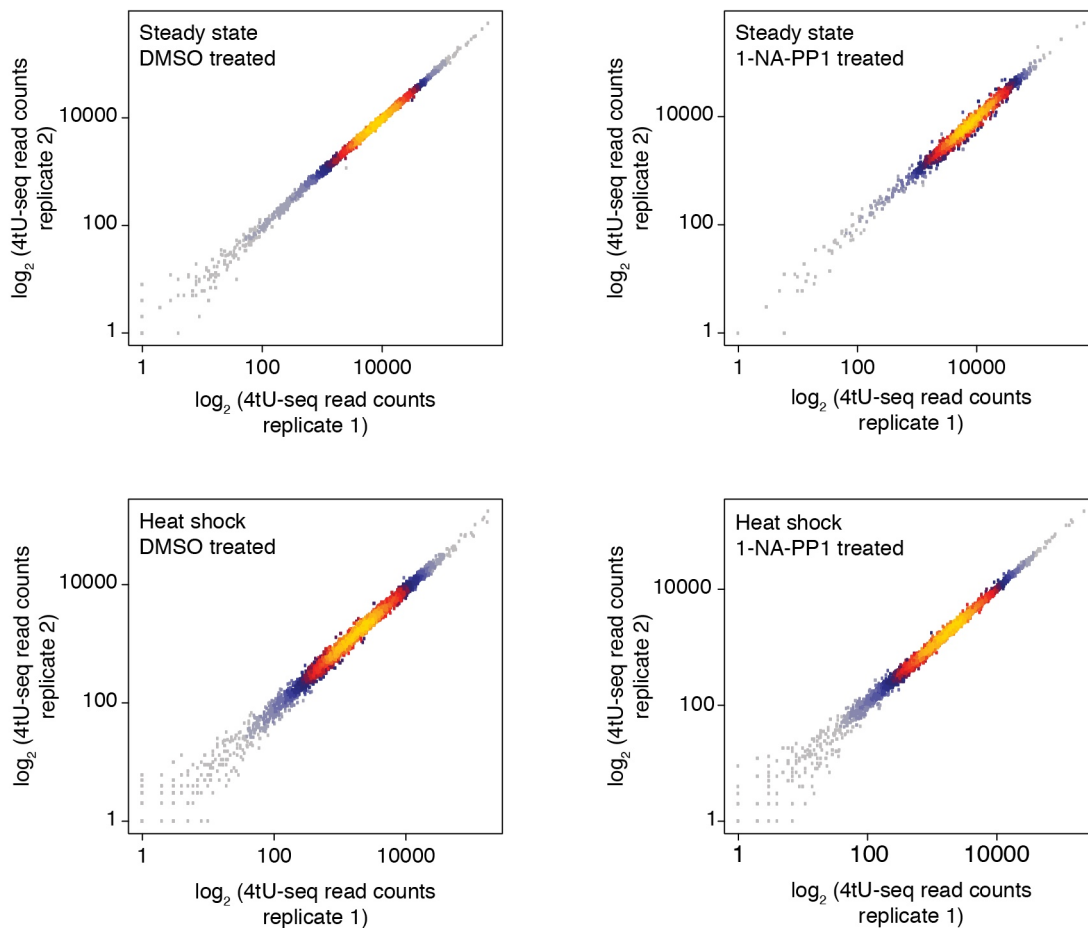
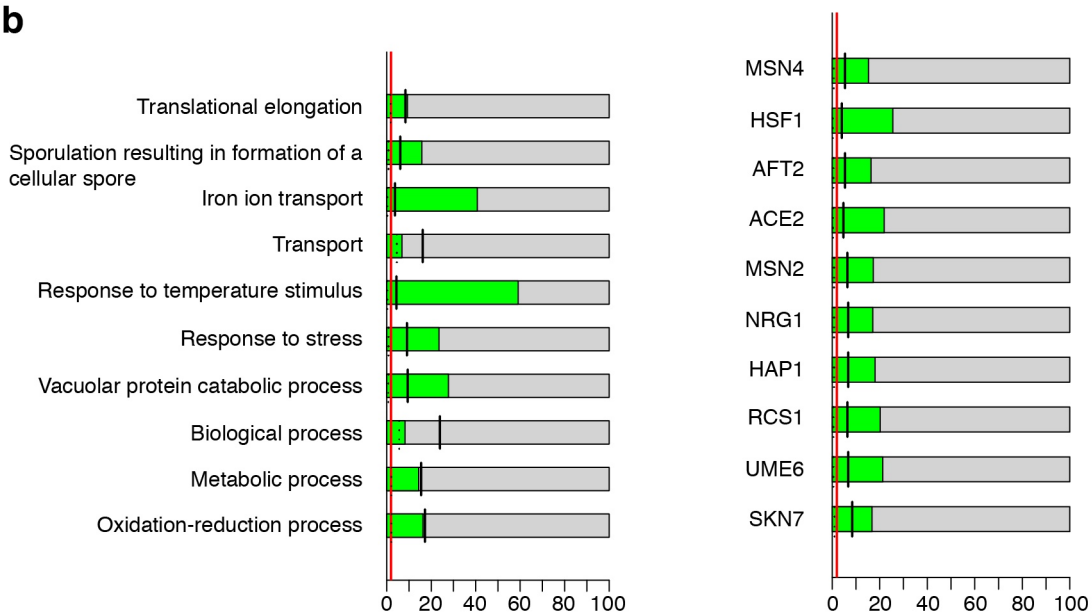
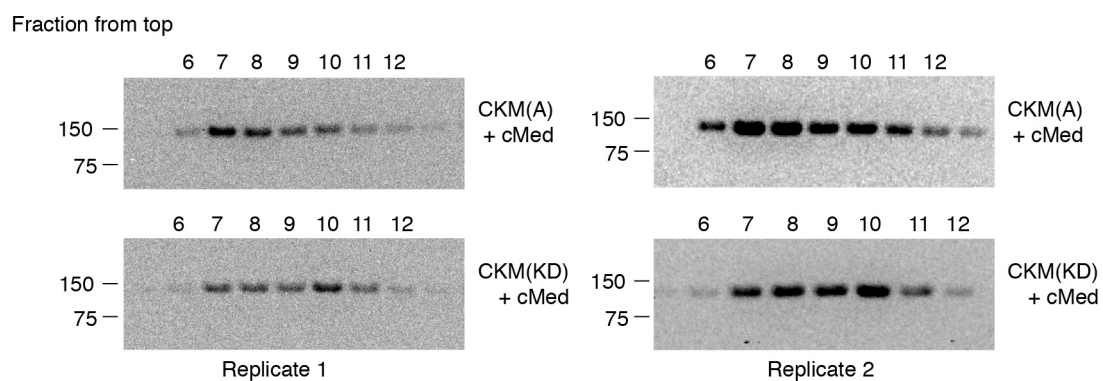
**Supplemental Figure S3, a** Assessment of Reproducibility of 4tU-Seq Data. (upper left panel) Comparison of replicate measurements for 4tU-seq of the DMSO sample under steady state conditions. The scatterplot compares read counts of ORF-Ts. Spearman correlation is 1. (upper right panel) Comparison of replicate measurements for 4tU-seq of the 1-NA-PP1 sample under steady state conditions. The scatterplot compares read counts of ORF-Ts. Spearman correlation is 0.99. (lower left panel) Comparison of replicate measurements for 4tU-seq of the DMSO sample under heat shock conditions. The scatterplot compares read counts of ORF-Ts. Spearman correlation is 1. (lower right panel) Comparison of replicate measurements for 4tU-seq of the 1-NA-PP1 sample under heat shock conditions. The scatterplot compares read counts of ORF-Ts. Spearman correlation is 1.

**Supplemental Figure S3, b** Gene ontology analysis of genes induced upon application of heat shock shows that temperature stimulus response genes (GO:0009266) are enriched in this group (left). Specific transcription factor target gene groups that were found to be enriched are shown on the right.

**Supplemental Figure S3, c** Technical replicate of sucrose density ultracentrifugation experiment shown in figure 2c to exclude errors of loading confirms the observed pattern, which shows that presence of CKM (represented by anti-MBP antibody signal) is more prominent in lower density fractions when CKM(A) is used under phosphorylation reaction conditions (top), than when CKM(KD) is used under the same conditions (bottom).





**a****b****c**

## **Supplementary table guide**

**Supplementary table 1** Crosslinks within the CKM-cMed complex crosslinked with BS3 (shown in main figure 3) showing a list of all obtained crosslinks using an FDR cutoff of 0.01. All raw mass spectrometry data used in this manuscript have been deposited in the PRIDE repository as detailed under “Data Availability”.

**Supplementary table 2** Phosphorylation sites used for PIC phosphoproteomic analysis in making main Figure 4 and supplementary Figure S2, showing all identified phosphosites after filtering for localization probability (p(STY)) above 0.75, showing the protein, phosphorylated residue, localization probability in the indicated fractions (Methods) and surrounding sequence. The complete raw unfiltered data from this experiment with all additional mass spectrometry parameters have been deposited in the PRIDE repository as detailed under “Data Availability”.

**Supplementary table 3** Phosphorylation sites on CKM(A) and CKM(KD) used for making main Figure 4 showing the protein, phosphorylated residue, localization probability and surrounding sequence of all identified sites. The complete raw unfiltered data from this experiment with all additional mass spectrometry parameters have been deposited in the PRIDE repository as detailed under “Data Availability”.